

CONFIDENTIAL

*Economic Intelligence
Statistical Handbook
1974*

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table 58 + 59

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FOREWORD

1. Purpose and Scope

The *Economic Intelligence Statistical Handbook*, 1974 provides statistics for selected non-Communist countries and all the Communist countries.

In general, the data in the *Handbook* are for 1965-73. Summary tables are presented for the United States, Japan, the European Community, the USSR, Eastern Europe, and China. Footnotes have been used liberally to give definitions, exceptions, and methodology. Footnotes to the commodity tables give more detailed definitions of the data than those appearing for the commodities on the summary tables.

2. Rounding of the Totals

The totals have been rounded, with some exceptions, to three significant digits. In general, zeros appearing after the last nonzero number following the decimal point are not significant but are used merely for consistency in presentation, and, because of rounding, components may not add to the totals shown. Totals are not presented if missing data are believed to represent a significant part of the total.

3. Symbols

The abbreviation N.A. (*not available*) is used when information about the existence of the data or the magnitude of the data are not available, and the abbreviation Negl. (*negligible*) is used when the magnitude of the data is less than half of the final unit employed for each table. The metric system is used throughout.

4. Classification of Data

The overall classification of the *Handbook* is Confidential. The Confidential data are indicated by an asterisk (*). Tables in which all of the data are Confidential have been identified accordingly. *Confidential data, however, frequently occur on the reverse of the page, and, therefore, caution should be exercised if pages are removed from this Handbook.*

5. Sources

The data given for the most recent years are frequently preliminary and subject to revision. The data for the Communist countries are estimates of this Office, official data from the country cited, or estimates made by other organizations. The data for the non-Communist countries are from publications of the United Nations and the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), are from unclassified publications of other international organizations or individual countries, or are estimates of this Office.

6. Terms

Unless otherwise indicated, the term *Communist Countries* includes the USSR, the countries of Eastern Europe, China, North Korea, North Vietnam, Albania, Cuba, and Yugoslavia; the term *Eastern Europe* includes Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, East Germany, Hungary, Poland, and Romania. The term *European Community* includes Belgium, Denmark, France, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, the United Kingdom, and West Germany. The term *developed countries* includes the European Community, Austria, Finland, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland, Australia, Canada, Japan, New Zealand, South Africa, and the United States. The term *Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development* includes Greece, Portugal, Spain, Turkey, and all the developed countries, except Liechtenstein and South Africa. The term *less developed countries* includes the following non-Communist countries: (1) all countries of Africa except the Republic of South Africa, (2) all countries of East Asia except Japan, (3) all countries in Latin America, and (4) all countries in the Middle East and South Asia.

As far as possible, production data for the Saar have been included in the data for West Germany for all years, unless otherwise indicated. Totals for the country groupings may or may not include all of the countries listed above, depending on the commodity or services listed.

Table 58

US Economic Loans and Grants to the Less Developed Countries, by Recipient ¹

	Million US \$		
	1946-73 ²	1972 ³	1973 ³
Total.....	71,253	3,588	4,113
Africa.....	4,933	299	257
Ethiopia.....	282	33	12
Ghana.....	279	15	24
Libya.....	212	Negl.	na
Liberia.....	212	17	19
Morocco.....	806	38	30
Nigeria.....	402	25	11
Tunisia.....	741	41	17
Zaire.....	447	6	9
Other.....	1,552	124	135
East Asia.....	20,950	1,176	1,253
Cambodia.....	481	58	93
Indonesia.....	1,722	240	241
Laos.....	843	52	51
Philippines.....	1,582	70	124
South Korea.....	5,551	252	188
South Vietnam.....	6,298	455	502
Taiwan.....	2,207	na	na
Thailand.....	646	34	39
Other.....	1,620	15	15
Latin America.....	12,036	581	842
Argentina.....	198	na	na
Bolivia.....	574	60	27
Brazil.....	2,415	21	54
Chile.....	916	7	4
Colombia.....	1,286	116	97
Dominican Republic.....	471	27	16
Ecuador.....	279	10	17
Guatemala.....	293	17	12
Mexico.....	284	Negl.	Negl.
Panama.....	282	34	16
Peru.....	422	44	9
Venezuela.....	196	7	2
Other.....	4,420	238	588
Middle East and South Asia.....	23,207	920	754
Afghanistan.....	449	36	39
Bangladesh.....	447	286	161
Egypt.....	867	2	1
Greece.....	1,845	na	na
India.....	8,766	114	82
Iran.....	756	2	1
Israel.....	1,248	104	110
Jordan.....	736	59	71
Pakistan ⁴	4,194	165	178
Turkey.....	2,719	67	23
Other.....	1,180	85	88
Europe and Oceania.....	1,515	68	80
Nonregional.....	8,612	544	927

¹ Data are for fiscal years. Economic assistance is defined as Official Development Assistance (ODA)—official concessional aid for development purposes—an internationally accepted concept agreed to in the Development Assistance Committee (DAC) of the OECD.

² Data are reported on a net basis, excluding total deobligations.

³ Data reported are on a gross basis. Deobligations generally are believed to be small.

⁴ Including Bangladesh prior to 1972.

ALL DATA IN THIS TABLE ARE CONFIDENTIAL

Table 59

US Military Deliveries to the Less Developed Countries, by Recipient¹

Million US \$

	1955-73	1972	1973
Total.....	22,397	1,441	1,437
Africa.....	449	37	16
Ethiopia.....	176	12	8
Libya.....	77	4	1
Morocco.....	76	3	2
Tunisia.....	38	2	2
Zaire.....	49	13	1
Other.....	32	2	3
East Asia.....	10,248	481	469
Burma.....	84	1
Malaysia.....	33	18	14
Philippines.....	422	3	3
South Korea.....	3,526	175	110
Taiwan.....	2,754	106	104
Thailand.....	583	16	21
Other.....	2,845	162	215
Latin America.....	1,448	83	92
Argentina.....	204	28	22
Brazil.....	381	14	27
Chile.....	143	7	4
Colombia.....	122	3	3
Ecuador.....	50	1
Peru.....	139	2	3
Uruguay.....	55	3	3
Venezuela.....	161	7	14
Other.....	193	18	16
Middle East and South Asia.....	9,133	768	777
Greece.....	1,492	68	50
India.....	166	4
Iran.....	1,801	244	256
Israel.....	1,280	271	216
Jordan.....	300	35	42
Pakistan.....	778	4	6
Saudi Arabia.....	448	21	97
Turkey.....	2,761	120	100
Other.....	107	1	10
Europe.....	1,119	73	83

¹ Fiscal years. Including deliveries under the following programs: (a) Military Assistance Program (MAP) grants under the various Mutual Security Acts; (b) Foreign Military Sales (FMS), which consists of US-financed arms, US-guaranteed private arms credits, and US-approved commercial sales; and (c) Excess Stock Sales (ESS), which involve surplus equipment that has been valued at 33% of the original acquisition value. Excluding some \$15.7 billion worth of arms provided under the Military Assistance Service Funded (MASF) program; MASF was designed to support non-US forces engaged in combat in Indochina and was provided directly from the US military budget. South Vietnam began receiving MASF funds in March 1966 and Laos and Thailand in 1967. South Korea, which had a large force in South Vietnam, received some MASF support. US data also exclude some \$700 million in naval equipment made available under the Ship Loan and Lease Program.

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